

KB-2965EGW-B

HIGH EFFICIENCY RED  
GREEN

### Features

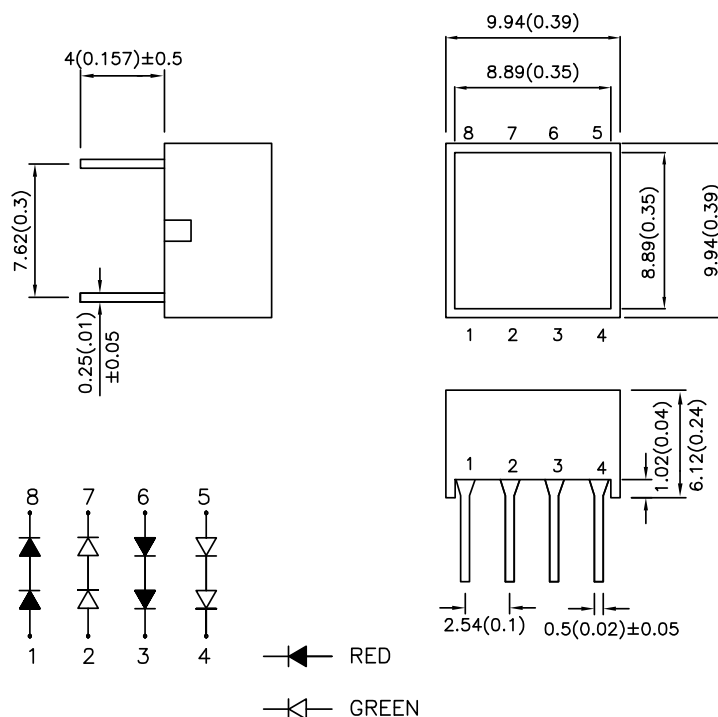
- UNIFORM LIGHT EMITTING AREA.
- LOW CURRENT OPERATION.
- EASILY MOUNTED ON P.C. BOARDS.
- FLUSH MOUNTABLE.
- EXCELLENT ON/OFF CONTRAST.
- CAN BE USED WITH PANELS AND LEGEND MOUNTS.

### Description

The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made With Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

### Package Dimensions & Internal Circuit Diagram



#### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the lead emerge package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) @ 20mA	
			Min.	Typ.
KB-2965EGW-B	HIGH EFFICIENCY RED (GaAsP/GaP)	WHITE DIFFUSED	50	120
	GREEN (GaP)		50	120

## Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

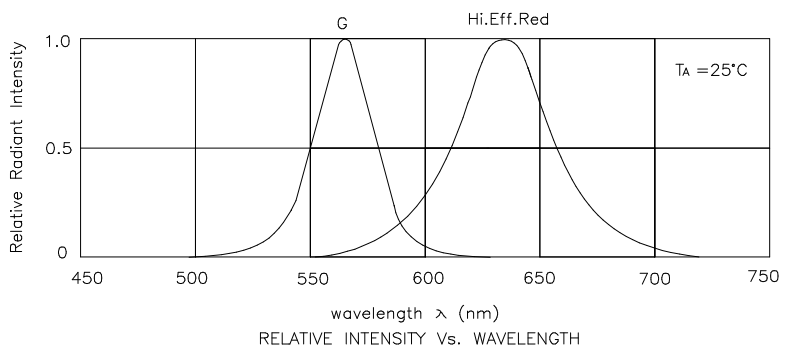
Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$\lambda_{peak}$	Peak Wavelength	High Efficiency Red Green	627 565		nm	IF=20mA
$\lambda_D$	Dominate Wavelength	High Efficiency Red Green	625 568		nm	IF=20mA
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Half-width	High Efficiency Red Green	45 30		nm	IF=20mA
C	Capacitance	High Efficiency Red Green	15 15		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF	Forward Voltage	High Efficiency Red Green	4.0 4.4	5.0 5.0	V	IF=20mA
IR	Reverse Current	All		10	uA	VR= 10V

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

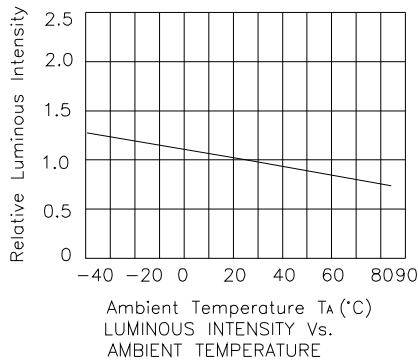
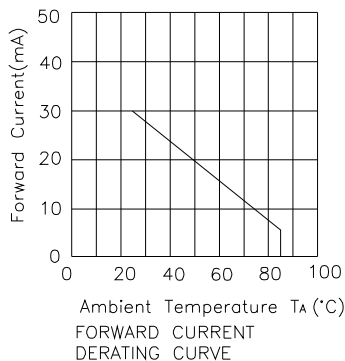
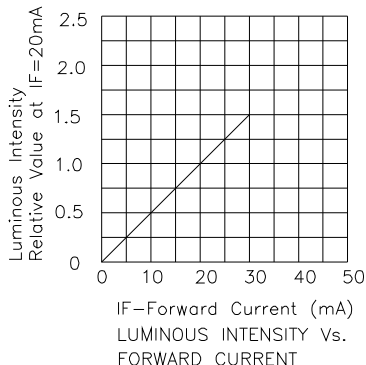
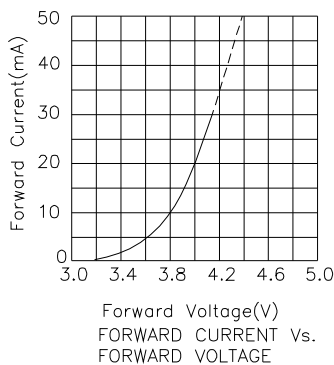
Parameter	High Efficiency Red	Green	Units
Power dissipation	150	125	mW
DC Forward Current	30	25	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	160	140	mA
Reverse Voltage	10	10	V
Operating/storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C		
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 5 Seconds		

Notes:

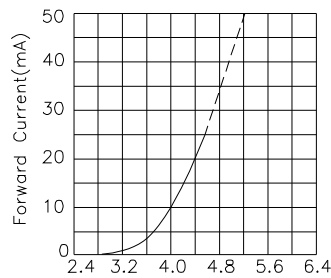
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.



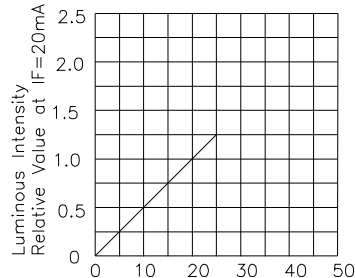
**KB-2965EGW-B**  
**High Efficiency Red**



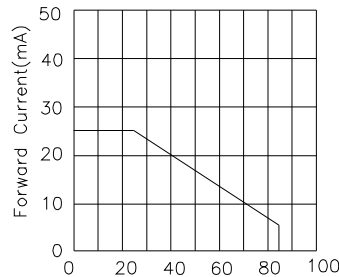
## Green



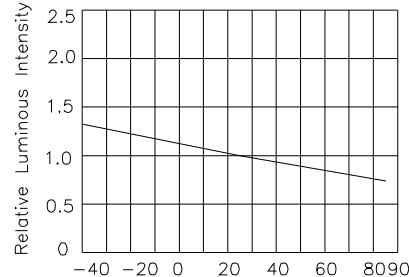
Forward Voltage(V)  
FORWARD CURRENT Vs.  
FORWARD VOLTAGE



F-Forward Current (mA)  
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.  
FORWARD CURRENT



Ambient Temperature  $T_A$  (°C)  
FORWARD CURRENT  
DERATING CURVE



Ambient Temperature  $T_A$  (°C)  
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs.  
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE